			Procedu 2 of 1968, as		<b>port</b> nd P.A. 71 of 1919,	as amended.					
			vernment Typ				Local Unit Name			County	
	Coun	ty	□City	<b>Д</b> Тwp	∐Village	□Other	TOWNSHIP	OF BUEL		SANILAC	
Fisc	al Yea				Opinion Date	_	·	Date Audit Report Sut			
			-3/-06	ć	6-,	13-06	,	6-	21-06		
	affirm										
			•		s licensed to pr		-				
	agen				erial, "no" resp ments and reco			d in the financial sta	atements, includ	ling the notes, or in the	
	YES	8	Check ea	ach applic	able box beig	w. (See ins	structions for fu	rther detail.)			
1.	Ż		All required component units/funds/agencies of the local unit are included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in the reporting entity notes to the financial statements as necessary.								
2.	À							's unreserved fund Iget for expenditure		tricted net assets	
3.	X		The local	unit is in o	compliance wit	h the Unifor	m Chart of Acc	ounts issued by the	e Department of	Treasury.	
4.	X		The local	unit has a	dopted a budg	et for all re	quired funds.				
5.	X		A public h	nearing on	the budget wa	s held in a	ccordance with	State statute.			
6.	Ø						Finance Act, an and Finance Div		r the Emergency	y Municipal Loan Act, or	
7.	×		The local	unit has n	ot been deling	uent in dist	ributing tax reve	enues that were col	llected for anoth	er taxing unit.	
8.	X		The local	unit only h	nolds deposits/	investment	s that comply w	ith statutory require	ements.		
9.	X							at came to our atter (see Appendix H o		in the Bulletin for	
10.	X		that have	not been	previously com	nmunicated	to the Local Au		vision (LAFD). If	ring the course of our audit f there is such activity that has	
11.	Ø		The local	unit is free	e of repeated o	omments fr	om previous ye	ears.			
12.		×	The audit	opinion is	UNQUALIFIE	D.					
13.	X				omplied with G g principles (G		GASB 34 as m	odified by MCGAA	Statement #7 a	nd other generally	
14.	$\boxtimes$		The board	d or counc	il approves all	invoices pri	or to payment a	as required by char	ter or statute.		
15.	X		To our kn	owledge, l	bank reconcilia	itions that w	vere reviewed v	vere performed time	ely.		
incl des	uded cripti	in th on(s)	nis or any of the auth	other aud hority and/	lit report, nor or commissior	do they ob 1.		one audit, please		e audited entity and is not me(s), address(es), and a	
			losed the	<u> </u>		Enclosed	·	enter a brief justificati	on)		
Fin	ancia	l Sta	tements		·	X					
The	lette	er of (	Comments	and Reco	mmendations		N/	A			
Oth	er (De	escribe	∍)				NIA	<u></u>			
Certi	fied Pu	ublic A	ccountant (Fir	rm Name)			Te	ephone Number	100 01	2.0	
	et Addi	ress	715 Caro, Mic	East Fra	ARDT & DORA nk St. 3723-1623	<b>N, P.C.</b>	Cit		673-3/3   State   Z	3 / Sip	
Ha	Brizing W	CPA	Signature	uson		Prin	ted Name GARY N	C. ANSTRSD	License Nur	nber 1005 476	
	77						/				

# **TOWNSHIP OF BUEL,** SANILAC COUNTY, MICHIGAN

Report of Financial Statements March 31, 2006

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# ANDERSON, TUCKEY, BERNHARDT & DORAN, P.C.

**Certified Public Accountants** 

Gary R. Anderson, CPA Jerry J. Bernhardt, CPA Thomas B. Doran, CPA Robert L. Tuckey, CPA Valerie Jamieson Hartel, CPA Jamie L. Peasley, CPA

June 13, 2006

#### **REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S**

Township of Buel Sanilac County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Buel as of and for the year ended March 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements are the responsibility of Buel Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general-purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general-purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Management has not presented government-wide financial statements to display the financial position and changes in the financial position of its governmental activities. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the presentation of government-wide financial statements. The amounts that would be reported in government-wide financial statements for the Township of Buel's governmental activities are not reasonably determinable.

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township of Buel as of March 31, 2006 or changes in its financial position or cash flows where applicable, for the year then ended.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The supplemental financial information listed in the Table of Contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements of Buel Township. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

anderen, Tuckey, Remlandt & Down, P.C.

ANDERSON, TUCKEY, BERNHARDT & DORAN, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

# **GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Combined Balance Sheet -All Fund Types & Account Groups March 31, 2006

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES SPECIAL					FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE CURRENT TAX		
	GENERAL		REVENUE (ROAD)		COL	LECTION FUND		
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash on hand & in bank Due From Other Funds Taxes Receivable Account Receivable Fixed Assets	\$	287,822 2,528 1,900	\$	29,033 2,377	\$	52,474		
TOTAL ASSETS	<b>\$</b>	292,250	\$	31,410	\$	52,474		
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY LIABILITIES								
Due To Other Units Due To Other Funds	\$	-			\$	47,569 4,905		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		_				52,474		
FUND EQUITY:								
Undesignated Funds Designated Funds Investment in general fixed assets	\$	292,250	\$	31,410				
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		292,250		31,410				
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND EQUITY		292,250	\$	31,410	\$	52,474		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

GE	JNT GROUP ENERAL FIXED SSETS	(MEMOF	FOTALS RANDUM ONLY) ch 31, 2006
	33213	19101	CII 31, 2000
		\$	316,855 4,905
			52,474
\$	24,628		1,900 24,628
Ψ	24,020		24,020
\$	24,628_	\$	400,762
		\$	47,569
			4,905
	-		52,474
	24.222		292,250 31,410
\$	24,628		24,628
	24,628		348,288
\$	24,628	\$	400,762

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended March 31, 2006

			TOTALS _(MEMORANDUM ONLY)_
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	MARCH 31, 2006
REVENUES:			
Taxes	\$ 33,111	\$ 29,573	\$ 62,684
Licenses and permits	450		450
Intergovernmental	86,834	-	86,834
Charges for services	2,738		2,738
Other revenues and refunds	4,000	158	4,158
TOTAL REVENUES	127,133	29,731	156,864
EXPENDITURES:			
Legislative	2,370	-	2,370
General government	44,988	-	44,988
Public safety	20,178	-	20,178
Public works	4,937	63,910	68,847
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	72,473	63,910	136,383
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)			
EXPENDITURES	54,660	(34,179)	20,481
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Operating transfer in	-	33,080	33,080
Operating transfer out	(33,080)		(33,080)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(33,080)	33,080	
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	21,580	(1,099)	20,481
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	270,670	32,509	303,179
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 292,250	\$ 31,410	\$ 323,660

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General and Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended March 31, 2006

	GENERAL FUND					
	В	JDGET		ACTUAL	FAV	RIANCE- ORABLE VORABLE)
REVENUES:						
Property Taxes						
Current levy	\$	29,700	\$	25,866	\$	(3,834)
Administration fee		6,500		7,245		745
Licenses and permits		700		450		(250)
Intergovernmental		83,300		86,834		3,534
Charges for services						
Land division fees		1,000		40		(960)
Appeals and hearings		1,000		550		(450)
Miscellaneous		-		2,148		2,148
Other revenues and refunds						
Interest		2,000		3,990		1,990
Miscellaneous				10		10_
TOTAL REVENUES		124,200		127,133		2,933
EXPENDITURES:						
Legislative		2,450		2,370		80
General government						
Supervisor		4,600		4,306		294
Assessor		10,500		10,130		370
Treasurer		15,025		13,368		1,657
Clerk		7,775		7,199		576
Elections		900		697		203
Board of review		1,600		1,264		336
Building and grounds		4,750		3,887		863
All other general government		5,200		4,137		1,063
Public safety						
Ambulance		8,750		8,652		98
Fire protection		11,000		8,040		2,960
Building inspection, zoning, other public safety Public works Roads expense		4,600		3,486		1,114
Drains at large		5,000		4,937		63
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		82,150		72,473		9,677
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		42,050		54,660		12,610
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfer in						
Operating transfer out		(41,000)		(33,080)		7,920
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(41,000)		(33,080)		(7,920)
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		1,050		21,580		20,530
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		270,670		270,670		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	271,720	\$	292,250	\$	20,530

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

TOTALS

	SPEC	IAL REVENUE	FUNDS	(MEMORANDUM ONLY)						
В	UDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)				
\$	27,500	\$ 29,573	\$ 2,073	\$ 57,200 6,500 700 83,300	\$ 55,439 7,245 450 86,834	\$ (1,761) 745 (250) 3,534				
				1,000 1,000 -	40 550 2,148	(960) (450) 2,148				
	200	158	(42)	2,000 200	3,990 168_	1,990 (32)				
	27,700	29,731	2,031	151,900	156,864	4,964				
				2,450	2,370	80				
				4,600 10,500 15,025 7,775	4,306 10,130 13,368 7,199	294 370 1,657 576				
				900 1,600 4,750	697 1,264 3,887	203 336 863				
				5,200 8,750	4,137	1,063				
				11,000 4,600	8,652 8,040 3,486	98 2,960 1,114				
	73,350	63,910	9,440	73,350 5,000	63,910 4,937	9,440 63				
	73,350	63,910	9,440	155,500	136,383	19,117				
	(45,650)	(34,179)	11,471	(3,600)	20,481	24,081				
	46,000	33,080	(12,920)	46,000 (41,000)	33,080 (33,080)	12,920 7,920				
	46,000	33,080	(12,920)	5,000		(5,000)				
	350	(1,099)	(1,449)	1,400	20,481	19,081				
	32,509	32,509	<u> </u>	303,179	303,179	<u> </u>				
\$	32,859	\$ 31,410	\$ (1,449)	\$ 304,579	\$ 323,660	\$ 19,081				

Notes to the Financial Statements March 31, 2006

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

#### **DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP OPERATIONS & FUND TYPES:**

The Township of Buel, Michigan covers an area of approximately 36 square miles within Sanilac County. The Township operates under an elected township board and is a general law township. The Township provides many services to its residents, including public works, public safety, community enrichment, development, and human services.

The financial statements of the Township of Buel have been prepared in conformity with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principals (GAAP) as applied to government units, except for not converting to GASB #34. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY:

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP, currently GASB Statement #14 "The Financial Reporting Entity."

Based upon the application of these criteria, the general purpose financial statements of the Township of Buel contain all the funds and account groups controlled by the Township's Board as no other entity meets the criteria to be considered a blended component unit or a discretely presented component of the Township nor is the Township a component unit of another entity.

#### B. **FUND ACCOUNTING:**

The government uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types".

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital project funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds). The general fund is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in some other funds.

ACCOUNT GROUPS – are used to account for fixed assets and long-term liabilities that are not reported in the respective governmental funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements March 31, 2006

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued):

#### C. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING:

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increase (i.e. revenues and other financing sources) and decrease (i.e. expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e. net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increased (i.e. revenues) and decrease (i.e. expenses) in net total assets.

All governmental fund types use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e. when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, federal and state grants, special assessments, licenses, interest revenue and charges for services. Fines, permits and sales tax and other state revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

#### D. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING:

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. The Township does not utilize encumbrance accounting.

#### E. CASH AND EQUIVALENTS:

Cash includes amounts in petty cash and demand deposits.

State statutes authorized the Township to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury, which include securities issued or guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association; certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance; Corporation, or National Credit Union Administration, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements March 31, 2006

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued):

#### E. CASH AND EQUIVALENTS (Continued):

They may also invest in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase and not totaling more than 40% of any fund at any time. The Township is also authorized to invest in U.S. Government of federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptance of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments as outlined above.

#### F. SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES:

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payable are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet.

#### G. RECEIVABLES:

Receivables consist primarily of amounts for taxes and customers charges. No allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary and credit risk is minimal because of the large number of customers and the authority of the Township to add receivables to the tax rolls, which are secured by the underlying property.

#### H. FIXED ASSETS:

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. All purchased fixed assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are value at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Fixed assets purchased within the proprietary funds and the non-expendable trust fund are reported as assets within those funds and accordingly, are included on their balance sheet.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Public domain ("infrastructure") general fixed assets consisting of roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems are not capitalized, as these assets are immovable and of value only to the government. Primarily because of this policy, total expenditures for capital improvements in the governmental funds do not equal total additions to the general fixed assets account group.

#### I. FUND EQUITY:

Contributed capital is recorded in proprietary funds that have received capital grants or contributions from developers, customers or other funds. Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

Notes to the Financial Statements March 31, 2006

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued):

#### J. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS:

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Non-recurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

#### **K.** MEMORANDUM ONLY - TOTAL COLUMNS:

The total columns on the combined statements are captioned memorandum only to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations or changes in financial position in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Inter-fund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

#### **NOTE 2 - CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS:**

A summary of changes in general fixed assets follows:

	BALANCE MARCH 31, <u>2005</u>	ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE MARCH 31, <u>2006</u>
Land & Buildings Furniture, Fixtures,	\$18,426	\$2,508		\$20,934
and Equipment	3,643	<u>851</u>	\$800	3,694
TOTAL	<u>\$22,069</u>	<u>\$3,359</u>	<u>\$800</u>	<u>\$24,628</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements March 31, 2006

#### **NOTE 3 - CASH AND EQUIVALENTS:**

Cash and investments are held separately by each of the Township's funds.

#### **DEPOSITS:**

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Township's deposits was \$316,855 and the bank balance was \$323,206, \$184,794 of which was covered by federal depository insurance.

Deposits are carried at cost. Deposits of the Township are at banks in the name of the Township Treasurer.

The U.S. Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 3 risk disclosures for cash deposits are as follows:

	CARRYING	G AMOUNT
	UNRESTRICTED <u>ASSETS</u>	RESTRICTED ASSETS
Cash – checking	<u>\$316,855</u>	<u>NONE</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$316,855</u>	<u>NONE</u>

All deposits are uncollateralized and insured.

#### **INVESTMENTS:**

The Township's investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Township at year-end. Category I includes investments that are insured or registered, or securities held by the Township's or the Township's agent in the Township's name. Category 2 includes investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterpart's trust department or its agent in the Township's name. Category 3 includes investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with the securities held by the counter-party, or by its trust department or its agent but not in the Township's name. At March 31, 2006, the Township had no Category 1, 2 or 3 investments.

Additional disclosures required by GASB 40 are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

#### **NOTE 4 - LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS:**

The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. Budgetary procedures are established pursuant to Act 621 PA 1978, as amended, which requires the Township Board to approve a budget for the Township. Pursuant to the act, the Township supervisor prepares and submits a proposed operating budget. This operating budget includes projected expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayers comments.
- 3. The budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. The Board of Trustees must approve any revisions of the budget.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund and special revenue funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements March 31, 2006

#### NOTE 4 - LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS (Continued):

- 6. Budgets for general and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Trustees during the fiscal year. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations that were amended.
- 7. The budget is prepared by fund and function and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. Expenditures may not exceed budget at the function level.

#### **NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAX REVENUE:**

Property taxes become an enforceable lien on the property as of December 1. Taxes are levied on December 1 and are due in February of the following year. The Township bills and collects its own property taxes and also taxes for the county, intermediate school district and school districts. All tax collections are accounted for in the tax collection fund, an agency fund. Township tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year that includes the December 1 levy date. In addition, the Township collected the State Education Tax and the county tax that was levied July 1 and due September 15.

The Township levied 0.8275 mills for operations and .9792 mills for roads on a taxable value of \$30,205,607.

#### **NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT:**

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Township carries commercial insurance to cover any losses that may result from the above-described activities. For insured programs, there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

#### **NOTE 7- GASB 34:**

The Township chose not to adopt GASB 34, which is required by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). This departure from GAAP is also noted in the audit report letter.

#### **NOTE 8- TRANSFERS:**

The general fund transferred \$33,080 to the road fund during the year.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2006

	CURRENT TAX COLLECTION FUND							
	BALANCE MARCH 31, 2005		<u>IA</u>	ADDITIONS DEDUCTIONS			ALANCE ARCH 31, 2006	
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Taxes Receivable		5,480	_\$_	731,719	\$	684,725	\$	52,474
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	5,480		731,719	<u>\$</u>	684,725		52,474
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Due to other funds Due to other Governmental Units	\$	5,480	\$	61,809 622,916	\$	61,234 670,485	\$	4,905 47,569
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	5,480	\$	684,725	\$	731,719	\$	52,474

See the accompanying notes.